



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/665,419	09/22/2003	John Purnell	113705	6513
25944	7590	08/10/2007		
OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC P.O. BOX 19928 ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320			EXAMINER BAUM, RONALD	
			ART UNIT 2136	PAPER NUMBER
			MAIL DATE 08/10/2007	DELIVERY MODE PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/665,419	Applicant(s) PURNELL, JOHN	
	Examiner Ronald Baum	Art Unit 2136	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09 July 2007.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-26 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is in reply to applicant's correspondence of 09 July 2007.
2. Claims 1-26 are pending for examination.
3. Claims 1-26 remain rejected:

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

4. Claims 1-5, 7, 9, 11-15, 17-19, 21-25 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by McCoy et al, U.S. Patent No. 6,018,739.

5. As per claim 1; "An identity management system to authenticate the identity of an individual, comprising:

a vetting workstation

to verify the identity of the individual and

generate identification data [*Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated descriptions, whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of a centralized (and associated databases supporting the various workstations/client functions) server over a wide area network (i.e., the Internet), and more particularly, the workstation utilized as part of the subject (i.e., INS identification of individuals of targeted interest, inclusive of (col. 1, lines 5-33) travelers, visitors, etc.) biometric capture/administrative database*

Art Unit: 2136

management (identity capture/verification) system, clearly encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.];

an enrollment workstation

to enroll the individual whose identity has been verified,

to issue an identification token, and

generate identification data [*Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated descriptions,*

whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of a centralized (and associated databases supporting the various workstations/client functions) server over a wide area network (i.e., the Internet), and more particularly, the workstation utilized as part of the subject (i.e., INS identification of individuals of targeted interest, inclusive of (col. 1, lines 5-33) travelers, visitors, etc.,) biometric capture/administrative database management (enrollment, whereas after enrolled, the system verified and issued identification to the database constitutes a token data object) system, clearly encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.]; and

a core system

networked with

the vetting workstation and

the enrollment workstation

to provide

a central clearinghouse for the storage and

exchange of identification data [*Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated*

descriptions, whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of

clients, server(s), databases supporting the various workstations over a wide area network (i.e., the Internet), and more particularly, the workstation utilized as part of the subject biometric capture/administrative database management (client requested database access to '...a central clearinghouse ...') system, clearly encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.]”.

And further as per claim 11, this claim is the method claim for the apparatus (system) claim 1 above, and is rejected for the same reasons provided for the claim 1 rejection; “An identity management process for authenticating the identity of an individual, comprising:

pre-enrolling the individual in an identity management system by collecting personal information submitted by the individual and storing the information in a database;

vetting the individual by authenticating the personal information through at least one database of at least one of law enforcement, government and background checking organizations;

enrolling the individual into the identity management system; comparing personal information collected during pre-enrolling to data collected during enrolling;

vetting the individual by conducting at least a background check of the individual; and issuing an identification token to the individual.”.

And further as per claim 21, this claim is the embodied software claim for the apparatus (system) claim 1 above, and is rejected for the same reasons provided for the claim 1 rejection;

“A computer usable program embodied on a computer usable medium having computer readable program code means, comprising:

pre-enrolling an individual in the identity management system by recording personal information submitted by the individual;

enrolling the individual into the identity management system;

vetting the individual by authenticating personal data through the query of a plurality of databases including law enforcement, government and background checking organizations; and

issuing an identity token to the individual.”.

6. Claim 2 *additionally recites* the limitations that; “The identity management system of claim 1, further comprising

a security check workstation

to validate the identity of the individual at a facility using

the identification token, and

to record identification data, wherein

the core system is networked with

a security check workstation.”.

The teachings of McCoy et al (Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated descriptions, whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of various workstations/client functions over a wide area network (i.e., the Internet), and more particularly, the workstation utilized as part of the identification and administrative database management system (security check workstation validation utilizing the identification token object and associated individual biometric fingerprint

capturing/comparison), clearly encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.) suggest such limitations.

And further as per claim 15, this claim is the method claim for the apparatus (system) claim 2 above, and is rejected for the same reasons provided for the claim 2 rejection; “The identity management process of claim 11, further comprising
conducting security checks at least one location using
a security workstation
by at least one of
scanning the identity token of
the individual,
verifying biometric data of
the individual and
querying the core system for
identity data.”.

And further as per claim 25, this claim is the embodied software claim for the apparatus (system) claim 2 above, and is rejected for the same reasons provided for the claim 2 rejection; “The computer program of claim 21, further comprising
conducting security checks at various locations using
one or more security workstations by at least one of
scanning the identity token of

the individual,
verifying biometric data of
the individual and
querying the core system for
identity information.”.

7. Claim 3 *additionally recites* the limitations that; “The identity management system of claim 1, further comprising

a check-in workstation for

checking-in individuals possessing the identification token,

wherein

the core system is networked with

the checking workstation.”.

The teachings of McCoy et al (Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated descriptions, whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of various workstations/client functions over a wide area network (i.e., the Internet), and more particularly, the workstation utilized as part of the identification and administrative database management system (check-in workstation utilizing the identification token object and associated individual biometric fingerprint capturing/comparison), clearly encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.) suggest such limitations.

Art Unit: 2136

And further as per claim 14, this claim is the method claim for the apparatus (system) claim 3 above, and is rejected for the same reasons provided for the claim 3 rejection; “The identity management process of claim 11, further comprising checking-in the individual at a location

by at least one of

scanning the identification token of

the individual,

verifying biometric data of

the individual and

querying the core system for

identity data.”.

And further as per claim 24, this claim is the embodied software claim for the apparatus (system) claim 3 above, and is rejected for the same reasons provided for the claim 3 rejection; “The computer program of claim 21, further comprising

checking-in the individual by at least one of

scanning the identity token of

the individual,

verifying biometric data of

the individual and

querying the core system for

identity information.”.

8. Claim 4 *additionally recites* the limitations that; "The identity management system described in claim 3, wherein

the check-in workstation is

an automated kiosk."

The teachings of McCoy et al (Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated descriptions, whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of various workstations/client functions over a wide area network (i.e., the Internet), and more particularly, the workstation utilized as part of the identification and administrative database management system (check-in workstation utilizing the various remote (i.e., col. 5, lines 31-56) location configurations), clearly encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.) suggest such limitations.

9. Claim 5 *additionally recites* the limitations that; "The identity management system described in claim 1, further comprising

a dispatch workstation

to allow tracking of an individual with respect to the facility,

to verify the individual's employee status, and

to verify that the individual has a need to

access certain areas of the facility,

wherein

the core system is electronically connected with

the dispatch workstation.”.

The teachings of McCoy et al (Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated descriptions, whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of various workstations/client functions over a wide area network (i.e., the Internet), and more particularly, the workstation utilized as part of the identification and administrative database management system (dispatch workstation inclusive of validation of individual access rights with respect to a facility, INS related employee status aspects, etc.), clearly encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.) suggest such limitations.

10. Claim 7 *additionally recites* the limitations that; “The identity management system described in claim 1, wherein

the core system is electronically connected with

the vetting workstation and

the enrollment workstation

using

a secure connection.”.

The teachings of McCoy et al (Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated descriptions, whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of various workstations/client functions over a wide area network (i.e., the Internet, whereas inclusive of SSL, IPsec (the WEB secure communications aspects), etc.), clearly encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.) suggest such limitations.

11. Claim 9 *additionally recites* the limitations that; “The identity management system described in claim 5, wherein

the core system is networked with

the dispatch workstation

using

a secure connection.”.

The teachings of McCoy et al (Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated descriptions, whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of various workstations/client functions over a wide area network (i.e., the Internet, whereas inclusive of SSL, IPSec (the WEB secure communications aspects), etc.), clearly encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.) suggest such limitations.

12. Claim 12 *additionally recites* the limitations that; “The identity management process of claim 11, wherein

pre-enrolling employs at least one of

the Internet,

mail service, and

personal appearance.”.

The teachings of McCoy et al (Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated descriptions, whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of various workstations/client functions over a wide area network (i.e., the Internet, whereas inclusive of SSL, IPSec (the WEB secure communications aspects), etc.) and personal pre-enrolling via client workstations, clearly

Art Unit: 2136

encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.) suggest such limitations.

And further as per claim 22, this claim is the embodied software claim for the method claim 12 above, and is rejected for the same reasons provided for the claim 12 rejection; "The computer program of claim 21, wherein

pre-enrolling employs at least one of

the Internet,

mail service, and

personal appearance."

13. Claim 13 *additionally recites* the limitations that; "The identity management process of claim 11, further comprising

submitting biometric data for

identification purposes."

The teachings of McCoy et al (Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated descriptions, whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of various workstations/client functions over a wide area network, and personal pre-enrolling via client workstations submission of biometric data, clearly encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.) suggest such limitations.

And further as per claim 23, this claim is the embodied software claim for the method claim 13 above, and is rejected for the same reasons provided for the claim 13 rejection; "The computer program of claim 21, further comprising submitting biometric data."

14. Claim 17 *additionally recites* the limitations that; "The identity management process of claim 14, wherein

checking-in includes

obtaining the identity information queried from the core system

that includes at least one of

a facial image,

an iris scan,

hand geometry,

a fingerprint, and

the like."

The teachings of McCoy et al (Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated descriptions, whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of various workstations/client functions over a wide area network, and checking-in via client workstations submission of biometric (i.e., fingerprint, facial) data, clearly encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.) suggest such limitations.

15. Claim 18 *additionally recites* the limitations that; “The identity management process of claim 15, wherein

conducting security checks includes

obtaining identity information queried from the core system

that includes at least one of

a facial image,

an iris scan,

hand geometry,

a fingerprint, and

the like.”.

The teachings of McCoy et al (Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated descriptions, whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of various workstations/client functions over a wide area network, and conducting security checks via client workstations submission of biometric (i.e., fingerprint, facial) data, clearly encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.) suggest such limitations.

16. Claim 19 *additionally recites* the limitations that; “The identity management process of claim 16, wherein

identity verification includes

obtaining identity information queried from the core system

includes at least one of

a facial image,

an iris scan,
hand geometry,
a fingerprint, and
the like.”.

The teachings of McCoy et al (Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated descriptions, whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of various workstations/client functions over a wide area network, and identity verification via client workstations submission of biometric (i.e., fingerprint, facial) data, clearly encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.) suggest such limitations.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

17. Claims 6, 8, 10, 16, 20 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McCoy et al, U.S. Patent No. 6,018,739, and further in view of below.

It is noted that McCoy et al does not disclose the distributed biometric identification system utilized in the transportation environment per se. However, the examiner asserts that it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made for the INS to use the McCoy system as part of a transportation access control mechanism, since such control of access to transportation means/boarding, etc., by individuals under identification

Art Unit: 2136

by the INS would be obvious. A recitation directed to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be used does not distinguish the claimed apparatus from the prior art if prior art has the capability to do so (See MPEP 2114 and Ex Parte Masham, 2 USPQ2d 1647 (1987)).

18. Claim 6 *additionally recites* the limitations that; "The identity management system described in claim 1, further comprising

a boarding workstation

to authorize an individual

to board a means of transportation based on

verification of the identity and

travel information regarding the individual,

wherein

the core system is electronically connected to

the boarding workstation."

The teachings of McCoy et al (Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated descriptions, whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of various workstations/client functions over a wide area network (i.e., the Internet), and more particularly, the workstation utilized as part of the identification and administrative database management system (boarding workstation inclusive of authorization of individual access rights with respect to boarding, etc.), clearly encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.) suggest such limitations.

Art Unit: 2136

And further as per claim 16, this claim is the method claim for the apparatus (system) claim 6 above, and is rejected for the same reasons provided for the claim 6 rejection; “The identity management process of claim 11, further comprising

identity verification

prior to boarding a means of transportation

by at least one of

scanning the identification token of

the individual,

verifying biometric data of

the individual and

querying the core system for

identity and

travel information.”.

And further as per claim 26, this claim is the embodied software claim for the apparatus (system) claim 6 above, and is rejected for the same reasons provided for the claim 6 rejection;

“The computer program of claim 21, further comprising

boarding onto the means of transportation by

at least one of

scanning the identity token of

the individual,

verifying biometric data of

the individual and
querying the core system for
identity and
travel information.”.

19. Claim 8 *additionally recites* the limitations that; “The identity management system described in claim 6, wherein

the core system is networked with
the check-in workstation and
the boarding workstation
using
a secure connection.”.

The teachings of McCoy et al (Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated descriptions, whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of various workstations/client functions over a wide area network (i.e., the Internet, whereas inclusive of SSL, IPSec (the WEB secure communications aspects), etc.), clearly encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.) suggest such limitations.

20. Claim 10 *additionally recites* the limitations that; “The identity management system described in claim 3, further comprising

a boarding workstation
to authorize an individual

to board a means of transportation based on
verification of the identity and
travel information regarding the individual,
wherein
the core system is electronically connected to
the boarding workstation.”.

The teachings of McCoy et al (Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated descriptions, whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of various workstations/client functions over a wide area network (i.e., the Internet), and more particularly, the workstation utilized as part of the identification and administrative database management system (boarding workstation inclusive of authorization of individual access rights with respect to boarding, etc.), clearly encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.) suggest such limitations.

21. Claim 20 *additionally recites* the limitations that; “The identity management process of claim 11, wherein
pre-enrolling,
enrolling and
vetting
are performed in accord with
an access control system of
a transportation facility.”.

Art Unit: 2136

The teachings of McCoy et al (Abstract, figures 1-3t and associated descriptions, whereas the distributed biometric identification system inclusive of various workstations/client functions over a wide area network (i.e., the Internet), and more particularly, the workstation utilized as part of the identification and administrative database management system (boarding workstation inclusive of authorization of individual access rights with respect to boarding, etc.), clearly encompasses the claimed limitations as broadly interpreted by the examiner.) suggest such limitations.

Response to Amendment

22. As per applicant's argument concerning the lack of teaching by McCoy et al of an identification token insofar as a smart card or physical token per se is defined in the specification (i.e., paragraph 0010), and further, of a vetting of the individual insofar as a background check, etc., is concerned, the examiner has fully considered in this response to amendment; the arguments, and finds them not to be persuasive.

At the very least, the McCoy et al security objects created in the biometric assessment and database storage of said objects throughout the personnel identification system client/server network components, clearly encompasses the identification token aspects of the claim 1 limitations insofar as the specification gives an example versus an actual definition of an identification token, thereby necessitating a broad interpretation of the term to encompass anything from a password (i.e., virtual identification token) up to a physical token (i.e., smart card, etc.). Also, the "... vetting ... background ..." aspects of the claim are clearly covered by the fact that the McCoy et al biometric assessment and database storage of individual collected

information is in itself a collection of background information, as broadly interpreted by the examiner, as per the claim language, and would therefore be applicable in the rejection, such that the rejection support references collectively encompass the said claim limitations in their entirety.

23. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.


Conclusion

24. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from examiner should be directed to Ronald Baum, whose telephone number is (571) 272-3861, and whose unofficial Fax number is (571) 273-3861 and unofficial email is Ronald.baum@uspto.gov. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday from 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nasser Moazzami, can be reached at (571) 272-4195. The Fax number for the organization where this application is assigned is **571-273-8300**.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. For more information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

NASSER MOAZZAMI
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100


8,8,07

Ronald Baum

Patent Examiner

